

City of Hermosa Beach

Parking Management Study and Recommended Parking Standards for the Coastal Zone



Introduction

The City of Hermosa Beach has recently undergone a planning process to define the community vision for the future of the City. Elements of the community vision have identified the need for increased parking management within the Hermosa Beach Coastal Zone. To satisfy the requirements set forth in the City's Local Coastal Program, a parking management study was conducted for both public and private parking within the Coastal Zone. This brochure provides a summary of the resulting parking management recommendations found in the study's technical report.



The three (3) goals established for this study were based on the goals and objectives found in the City's existing plans and documents, including *PLAN Hermosa*, *The City of Hermosa Beach: Beach Access and Parking Study*, and *The City of Hermosa Beach Downtown Core Revitalization Strategy*. Establishing these goals provided a guide for developing the recommendations to improve parking within the City's Coastal Zone:

- 1. Create a parking system that meets the parking needs and demands of residents, visitors, and employees in an efficient and cost-effective manner.
- 2. Modify parking standards to encourage revitalization and investment in a pedestrian-oriented district.
- 3. Expand mobility options and optimize parking availability.

In addition to these goals, the recommendations also consider results of the study's parking inventory, occupancy, and demand analyses; existing city code requirements; industry-wide parking demand standards; and best practices by peer cities.

There are twelve (12) specific recommendations categorized by six (6) overall strategies. The following pages are presented on a zone-by-zone basis, providing quick facts for each zone, and recommendations that are tailored to address the uniqueness of each zone's infrastructure, character, and geography.

Recommendations

STRATEGY 1: Strategicially Invest in Information and Technology



Implement an app-based mobile pay system



Design and implement a demand-based parking management program



Implement a comprehensive parking signage wayfinding system

STRATEGY 2: Maximize Use of Existing Parking Supply



Pilot a shared parking program and facilitate shared parking



Maximize flexibility of curb space to accommodate rideshare and valet service

STRATEGY 3: Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand



6 Reinvest parking revenues into multimodal improvements

STRATEGY 4: Simplify and Leverage the Zoning Code



Revise the zoning code to better support walkable, mixed-use development in the Coastal Zone

STRATEGY 5: Enhance Parking Administration and Operations



8 Enhance event management practices to maximize parking system flexibility and predictability



9 Improve the residential parking permit program

STRATEGY 6: Provide Additional Public Parking as Needed



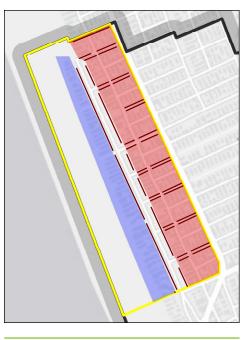
Strategically invest in public and shared parking supply in key locations



Improve the employee parking permit program



Establish an ongoing collection, monitoring, and evaluation process



Zone 1Walk Street – North End





Recommendations

STRATEGY:

Strategicially Invest in Information and Technology

- Implement an app-based mobile pay system
- Design and implement a demand-based parking management program
- Implement a comprehensive parking signage wayfinding system

STRATEGY:

Maximize Use of Existing Parking Supply

- Pilot a shared parking program and facilitate shared parking
- Maximize flexibility of curb space to accommodate rideshare and

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

500

750

Reinvest parking revenues into multimodal improvements

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Revise the zoning code to better support walkable, mixed-use development in the Coastal Zone

STRATEGY:

1,000 Feet

Enhance Parking Administration and Operations

- Enhance event management practices to maximize parking system flexibility and predictability
- 9 Improve the residential parking permit program
- Improve the employee parking permit program
- Establish an ongoing collection, monitoring, and evaluation process

STRATEGY:

Provide Additional Public Parking as Needed

Strategically invest in public and shared parking supply in key locations

Quick Facts

On-street parking types: Metered Off-street parking types: None

Observed on-street occupancy: Below practical occupancy during weekdays, above practical occupancy during the weekend afternoon at 91%.

Observed off-street occupancy: None

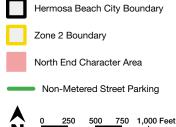
Existing land use types: Residential, Commercial

Challenges: High parking occupancy on weekends can limit access to the walk street area/beach.

Future vision: Maintain high quality pedestrian connections through the walk streets for access to residential and neighborhood-scale commercial services.



Zone 2North End East





Recommendations

STRATEGY:

Strategicially Invest in Information and Technology

- Implement an app-based mobile pay system
- Design and implement a demand-based parking management program
- Implement a comprehensive parking signage wayfinding system

STRATEGY:

Maximize Use of Existing Parking Supply

- Pilot a shared parking program and facilitate shared parking
- Maximize flexibility of curb space to accommodate rideshare and

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Reinvest parking revenues into multimodal improvements

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Revise the zoning code to better support walkable, mixed-use development in the Coastal Zone

STRATEGY:

Enhance Parking Administration and Operations

- 8 Enhance event management practices to maximize parking system flexibility and predictability
- 9 Improve the residential parking permit program
- Improve the employee parking permit program
- Establish an ongoing collection, monitoring, and evaluation process

STRATEGY:

Provide Additional Public Parking as Needed

2 Strategically invest in public and shared parking supply in key locations

Quick Facts

On-street parking types: Non-Metered

Off-street parking types: None

Observed on-street occupancy: Below practical occupancy, ranging from 53% - 82% occupied.

Observed off-street occupancy: None

Existing land use types: Residential, Commercial

Challenges: Regulation of the residential parking permit program is especially important in this zone as it consists primarily of residential uses.

Future vision: Maintain neighborhood connectivity and access to nearby commercial services within the compact grid network.



Zone 3

Walk Street - Sand Section North





Recommendations

STRATEGY:

Strategicially Invest in Information and Technology

- Implement an app-based mobile pay system
- Design and implement a demand-based parking management program
- Implement a comprehensive parking signage wayfinding system

STRATEGY:

Maximize Use of Existing Parking Supply

- Pilot a shared parking program and facilitate shared parking
- Maximize flexibility of curb space to accommodate rideshare and

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

250 500 750 1,000 Feet

Reinvest parking revenues into multimodal improvements

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Revise the zoning code to better support walkable, mixed-use development in the Coastal Zone

STRATEGY:

Enhance Parking Administration and Operations

- 8 Enhance event management practices to maximize parking system flexibility and predictability
- 9 Improve the residential parking permit program
- Improve the employee parking permit program
- Establish an ongoing collection, monitoring, and evaluation process

STRATEGY:

Provide Additional Public Parking as Needed

2 Strategically invest in public and shared parking supply in key locations

Quick Facts

On-street parking types: Metered Off-street parking types: None

Observed on-street occupancy: Below practical occupancy during weekdays, above practical occupancy during the weekday afternoon at 88%.

Observed off-street occupancy: None

Existing land use types: Residential, Commercial, Restaurant

Challenges: High parking occupancy on weekends can limit access to the beach and commercial uses along Hermosa Avenue.

Future vision: Maintain high quality pedestrian connections through the walk streets for access to residential and neighborhood-scale commercial services. Enhance multimodal connectivity and access to community parks and the Greenbelt. Maintain an integrated mixture of small-scale apartments and single-family homes.



Zone 4Sand Section – Valley

Hermosa Beach City Boundary

Zone 4 Boundary

North End Character Area

Sand Section Character Area

Valley Character Area

Non-Metered Street Parking

250 500 750 1,000 Feet

Near-Term Improvements
Mid-Term Improvements
Long-Term Improvements
Not applicable for this zone

Recommendations

STRATEGY:

Strategicially Invest in Information and Technology

- Implement an app-based mobile pay system
- Design and implement a demand-based parking management program
- Implement a comprehensive parking signage wayfinding system

STRATEGY:

Maximize Use of Existing Parking Supply

- Pilot a shared parking program and facilitate shared parking
- Maximize flexibility of curb space to accommodate rideshare and

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Reinvest parking revenues into multimodal improvements

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Revise the zoning code to better support walkable, mixed-use development in the Coastal Zone

STRATEGY:

Enhance Parking Administration and Operations

- 8 Enhance event management practices to maximize parking system flexibility and predictability
- 9 Improve the residential parking permit program
- Improve the employee parking permit program
- Establish an ongoing collection, monitoring, and evaluation process

STRATEGY:

Provide Additional Public Parking as Needed

Strategically invest in public and shared parking supply in key locations

Quick Facts

On-street parking types: Non-Metered

Off-street parking types: None

Observed on-street occupancy: Below practical occupancy, ranging from 47% - 83% occupied.

Observed off-street occupancy: None

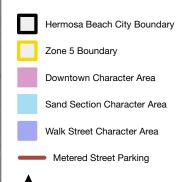
Existing land use types: Residential, Open Space, Education

Challenges: Access to open space and educational facilities must be balanced with the single-family residential patterns in this zone.

Future vision: Enhance multimodal connectivity and access to community parks and the Greenbelt. Preserve the single-family development pattern of the Valley character area that is part of this zone.



Zone 5Walk Street – Downtown





Recommendations

STRATEGY:

Strategicially Invest in Information and Technology

- Implement an app-based mobile pay system
- Design and implement a demand-based parking management program
- Implement a comprehensive parking signage wayfinding system

STRATEGY:

Maximize Use of Existing Parking Supply

- Pilot a shared parking program and facilitate shared parking
- Maximize flexibility of curb space to accommodate rideshare and valet service

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

250 500 750 1,000 Feet

Reinvest parking revenues into multimodal improvements

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Revise the zoning code to better support walkable, mixed-use development in the Coastal Zone

STRATEGY:

Enhance Parking Administration and Operations

- 8 Enhance event management practices to maximize parking system flexibility and predictability
- 9 Improve the residential parking permit program
- Improve the employee parking permit program
- Establish an ongoing collection, monitoring, and evaluation process

STRATEGY:

Provide Additional Public Parking as Needed

Strategically invest in public and shared parking supply in key locations

Quick Facts

On-street parking types: Metered

Off-street parking types: Public, Private

Observed on-street occupancy: Below practical occupancy during weekdays, above practical occupancy during the weekday afternoon at 94%.

Observed off-street occupancy: Public parking reaches practical occupancy during the afternoons, peaking at 89%. Private parking is below practical occupancy, at 16% on weekend afternoons.

Existing land use types: Office/Professional, Commercial, Assembly, Office/Store

Challenges: A mix of uses creates high parking demand. Public spaces are mostly occupied while private spaces are underutilized.

Future vision: Continue to offer an array of uses for residents and services and maintain the high quality pedestrian environment.



Zone 6

Sand Section - Civic Center

- Hermosa Beach City Boundary
- Zone 6 Boundary
- Civic Center Character Area
- Downtown Character Area
- Sand Section Character Area
- Valley Character Area
- Metered Street Parking
 - Non-Metered Street Parking
- 0 250 500 750 1,000 Feet

Near-Term Improvements Mid-Term Improvements Long-Term Improvements Not applicable for this zone

Recommendations

STRATEGY:

Strategicially Invest in Information and Technology

- Implement an app-based mobile pay system
- Design and implement a demand-based parking management program
- Implement a comprehensive parking signage wayfinding system

STRATEGY:

Maximize Use of Existing Parking Supply

- Pilot a shared parking program and facilitate shared parking
- Maximize flexibility of curb space to accommodate rideshare and valet service

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Reinvest parking revenues into multimodal improvements

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Revise the zoning code to better support walkable, mixed-use development in the Coastal Zone

STRATEGY:

Enhance Parking Administration and Operations

- 8 Enhance event management practices to maximize parking system flexibility and predictability
- 9 Improve the residential parking permit program
- Improve the employee parking permit program
- Establish an ongoing collection, monitoring, and evaluation process

STRATEGY:

Provide Additional Public Parking as Needed

Strategically invest in public and shared parking supply in key locations

Quick Facts

On-street parking types: Mostly Non-Metered

Off-street parking types: Private

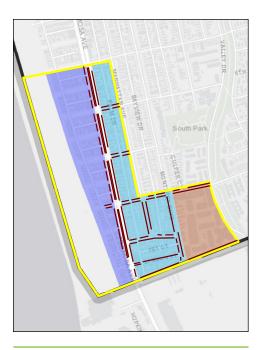
Observed on-street occupancy: Below practical occupancy, ranging from 68% - 77% occupied.

Observed off-street occupancy: Below practical occupancy, peaking at 64% occupied during weekday afternoons, but occupied at just 21% on weekend afternoons.

Existing land use types: Commercial, Office/Professional, Office/Store, Medical Office, Residential

Challenges: The Civic Center creates high parking demand that must be balanced with the surrounding commercial and residential uses.

Future vision: Enhance the streetscape and circulation of all modes and users. Expand the Civic Center facilities to provide consolidated parking to serve commercial uses along Pacific Coast Highway, Downtown, and the surrounding residential neighborhoods.



Zone 7

Walk Street - Sand Section - Herondo

Hermosa Beach City Boundary

Zone 7 Boundary

Herondo Character Area

Sand Section Character Area

Walk Street Character Area

Metered Street Parking

0 250 500 750 1,000 Feet

Near-Term Improvements Mid-Term Improvements Long-Term Improvements Not applicable for this zone

Recommendations

STRATEGY:

Strategicially Invest in Information and Technology

- Implement an app-based mobile pay system
- Design and implement a demand-based parking management program
- Implement a comprehensive parking signage wayfinding system

STRATEGY:

Maximize Use of Existing Parking Supply

- Pilot a shared parking program and facilitate shared parking
- Maximize flexibility of curb space to accommodate rideshare and

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Reinvest parking revenues into multimodal improvements

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Revise the zoning code to better support walkable, mixed-use development in the Coastal Zone

STRATEGY:

Enhance Parking Administration and Operations

- 8 Enhance event management practices to maximize parking system flexibility and predictability
- 9 Improve the residential parking permit program
- Improve the employee parking permit program
- Establish an ongoing collection, monitoring, and evaluation process

STRATEGY:

Provide Additional Public Parking as Needed

2 Strategically invest in public and shared parking supply in key locations

Quick Facts

On-street parking types: Metered Off-street parking types: None

Observed on-street occupancy: Below practical occupancy during weekdays, above practical occupancy during weekend afternoons, at 97%.

Observed off-street occupancy: None

Existing land use types: Residential, Commercial, Restaurant

Challenges: High parking occupancy on weekends can limit access to the beach and walk street area. High density residential uses in the Herondo area may create higher parking demand.

Future vision: Maintain high quality pedestrian connections through the walk streets for access to residential and commercial services. Protect high density multi-family residential development patterns in the Herondo character area. Improve pedestrian access through the large apartment blocks to the Greenbelt and the beach.



Zone 8 Sand Section - Cypress





Recommendations

STRATEGY:

Strategicially Invest in Information and Technology

- Implement an app-based mobile pay system
- Design and implement a demand-based parking management program
- Implement a comprehensive parking signage wayfinding system

STRATEGY:

Maximize Use of Existing Parking Supply

- Pilot a shared parking program and facilitate shared parking
- Maximize flexibility of curb space to accommodate rideshare and

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Reinvest parking revenues into multimodal improvements

STRATEGY:

Improve Mobility Options to Reduce Parking Demand

Revise the zoning code to better support walkable, mixed-use development in the Coastal Zone

STRATEGY:

Enhance Parking Administration and Operations

- Enhance event management practices to maximize parking system flexibility and predictability
- Improve the residential parking permit program
- Improve the employee parking permit program
- Establish an ongoing collection, monitoring, and evaluation process

STRATEGY:

Provide Additional Public Parking as Needed

Strategically invest in public and shared parking supply in key locations

Quick Facts

On-street parking types: Non-Metered Off-street parking types: Private

Observed on-street occupancy: Below practical occupancy during the weekday afternoon, above practical occupancy during the weekday evening and weekend afternoon, at 100% occupied.

Observed off-street occupancy: Below practical occupancy at about 45% during weekdays, above practical occupancy during the weekend afternoon, at 95%.

Existing land use types: Light Manufacturing, Service/Repair, Warehouse/Storage, Residential

Challenges: Much of the public parking in this zone has no time restriction. Private parking spaces are underutilized during the week.

Future vision: Maintain an integrated mixture of small-scale apartments and single-family homes in the Sand Section area. Accommodate a variety of flexible use spaces and creative industries.

For more information, please contact:

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